

Wien

ZITHER-JOURNAL

für
elegische & heitere Piecen

herausgegeben von

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Heft 54

Preis K 1.08

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WIEN
Verlag von
ANT. KIENDL

CLASSISCHE MUSIK.

für die Zither gesetzt von

A. J. PASCHINGER.

La Romanesca

célèbre Melodie romaine du XVI siècle

(berühmte römische Melodie aus dem XVI Jahrhundert.)

Andante.

Introduction.

Moderato.

Siehe noch Wiener Zither-Journal die Hefte 11. 30 und 43.

poco più lento

poco a

a tempo

poco ritard.

più animato

The musical score is written for piano and consists of five systems of staves. Each system has a treble and bass clef. The first system is marked *poco più lento*. The second system is marked *poco a*. The third system is marked *a tempo* and *poco ritard.*. The fourth system is marked *più animato*. The fifth system is marked *più animato* and includes dynamic markings *f* and *ff*.

più animato

f *dol. a tempo*

f *dol. a tempo*

più lento

dolce.

a tempo

ritard.

p *cresc.*

sempre più lento

f *dim.*

dolce

a tempo

ritardando *mf*

The first system of musical notation consists of two staves. The upper staff is in treble clef and contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, some beamed together. The lower staff is in bass clef and contains a bass line with chords and single notes.

The second system of musical notation consists of two staves. The upper staff continues the melodic line from the first system. The lower staff continues the bass line with chords and single notes.

The third system of musical notation consists of two staves. The upper staff continues the melodic line. The lower staff continues the bass line with chords and single notes.

The fourth system of musical notation consists of two staves. The upper staff continues the melodic line. The lower staff continues the bass line with chords and single notes.

The fifth system of musical notation consists of two staves. The upper staff contains a melodic line that concludes with a fermata. The lower staff contains a bass line with chords and single notes. Performance instructions are written below the staves: *ad libitum* and *ritard.* are placed under the first two measures, and *ff* is placed under the final measure. The system ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.